# Principle paper BT 202 Molecular Biology

## Section I

#### Unit 1

- 1.1. DNA super coiling: Linking number, positive and negative and negative supercoiling, role of topoisomerase and its catalytic mechanism.
- 1.2. Organization of genome in eukaryotes and prokaryotes.
- 1.3. DNA replication: Historical prospective, catalytic mechanism of DNA polymerase Replication in bacteria
- 1.4. Replication in eukaryotes.

### Unit 2

- 2.1. DNA repair mechanisms in bacteria and eukaryotes.
- 2.2. Recombination and its types.
- 2.3. Transcription in bacteria.
- 2.4. Transcription in eukaryotes, post transcription mechanisms.

### Section II

### Unit 3

- 3.1. Genetic code and its historical perspective.
- 3.1. Translation in bacteria.
- 3.2. Translation in eukaryotes.
- 3.3. Post translation mechanisms.

#### Unit 4

- 4.1. Gene regulation in bacteria. Lac operon, ttrp operon and arabinose operon. Immunity operon of bacteriophage.
- 4.2. Gene regulation in eukaryotes.
- 4.3. Mode of gene transfer in bacteria Role of natural plamsmids, -transformation, conjugation and transduction. Transposable elements.
- 4.4. Genetic disorders.

### References

- 1. Strickberger, Genetics.
- 2. Benjamin Lewin, Genes viii
- 3. R. M. Twymen, Advances in Molecular Biology
- 4. Syndeer and Champness. Molecular genetics of bacteria
- 5. Maloy, Microbial genetics
- 6. Malacinski, Essential of molecular biology
- 7. J. D. Watson, Molecular Biology of the Genes.