

Core Course - 301RURAL SOCIOLOGY

Objective

The course is designed to develop sociological skill on peasant and social structure in the following ways: Understanding of rural structure, change and development in India. Imparting skills to reconstruct rural institutions and making aware with prevailing approaches to study rural society viz. rural community and peasantry.

Course Outline :

Unit - 1 Introduction

Meaning and scope of Rural sociology.

Importants of rural sociology in India.

Nature of village (Static and Dynamic)

Unit - 2

Rural social system : Family, Kinship, caste -system.

Unit - 3

Rural economic activities : production, labour, capital, agricultutal arrangement, exchange system-Jajmani, distribution, consumption.

Unit - 4

Rural studies: Little community and its feature,

Pleasant society (critical analysis)

Unit - 5

Rural Development programmes : IRDp, Rural drinking water programme, NREP; RLEGP, Jawahar Rojgar Yojana, Indira Awas Yojna, Gokul Gram Yojana,

Recommended Books :

- Desai, A. R. : Rural sociology in India, Bombay; Popular Prakashan, 1977, pp. 269 -336, 425-527.
- Dhanagare, D. N. : Peasant Movements in India, New Delhi : Oxford University Press, 1988, pp. 1-25, 88-155.
- Omvedt, Gail: Land, Caste and Politics , Delhi : Department of Political Science, Delhi University, 1987, Introduction only.
- Shanin, T. : Peasantry : Delineation of a Sociological concept, Journal of Peasant Studies, 1991, pp. 180-200.
- Agrawal, Bina : Who Sows? Who Reaps? New Delhi : Institute of Economics Growth, Full Booklet.
- Chauhan, Brij, Raj Bharat me Gramin Samaj, (hindi) A.C. Brothers, (Jaipur - Bhopal.) 1988
- Ashih, Nandi Ambiguous Journey to the City, OUP, New Delhi 1999
- Redfield, Robert, The little community and peasant society, Chicago Uni. Press, Chicago 1960
- Majumdar, D.N., Rural Profile (ed), Ethnographil and Folk culture society, Lucknow 1955