

COMMUNITY ORGANISATION & LEADERSHIP -1

Semester – 5th

CC – 12

Ext (502)

Credit – 2 + 2 = 4

Objectives :-

To enable students to.

1. Appreciate collective action of weaker sections of people for their own development.
2. Understand the community dynamics and its influence on different sections of the community.
3. Study the ideology of organizing people in development.
4. Understand the pattern of leadership in the community traditional and emerging.
5. Understanding the process of organizing people for their own development.

Unit – 1

- Collective action as distinct from individual action.
- Need for collective action:- Improving production and productivity, Improving accessibility to resources, gaining strength.

Unit – 2

- Traditional leadership – roles and functions advantages, disadvantages.
- Emerging leadership – Shared leadership.

Unit – 3

- Leadership and community organization for development.
- School dynamics in the village, community / urban slums.

Unit – 4

- Social structure as basis for social dynamics in operation.
- Social justice and equality of opportunities empowering the weaker sections.

Practicals:

Practicals based on content of theory of community organization and leadership.

Reference:

- Tosslet, D.R. (1976): Facilitating community change: A Basic Guide, California University Associates.
- Oakley, Peter and Massden Daving (1984); Approaches to participation in Rural Development, hennery tlo.
- Devitt, P. Tension, Planning and the poor, London. ODI.
- Bangkok, FAO (1978); Small Farmers and Development manual, Volumes I & II.
- Geneva, UNICEF / WHO (1977): Community Involvement in Primary Health care: A study of process of community motivation and continued participation.
- Rahman, Md. A. (1981): Some Dimensions of people's participation in Boomi Seva Movement, UNRISD, Geneva.
- Khot, Seemantince, Shantaken, Ginny Shrivastava, Anita Mathur, Rajesh Tandon and Oriando Lago, How to organize women's Group? New Delhi, UNICEF and PRIA.